

GS II

SYLLABUS: ISSUES AND CHALLENGES PERTAINING TO THE FEDERAL STRUCTURE.

PRESIDENTS RULE

THE HINDU, PG.NO: 12.

News: "When can President's Rule be imposed?"

Current situation in Manipur:

- In Manipur, the unprecedented and horrific violence that erupted in May 2023, continues unabated.
- Ordinary people are forced to resort to violence for selfprotection
- Between May 11 and November 11, 2024, over 250 people were killed, and more than a lakh were displaced due to ethnic violence
- Recent centre's AFSPA intervention in Manipur has limited impact.
- Supreme Court's intervention was slow and ineffective. despite there having been 27 hearings.
- State of Manipur reflects a classic case of the failure of the Constitutional machinery.
- · Situation demands the immediate intervention of the President.

Emergency Provision's under Part XVIII:

- · Art.355:
 - Duty of Centre to protect every State from external aggression and internal disturbance's.
 - Centre to ensure that every State govt. operate according to provisions of the Constitution.
- · Art.356:
 - Imposition of President's rule, if President is satisfied, that State govt. is not functioning according to provisions of Constitution or "Governor report" or "otherwise".
- · Art.365:
 - Imposition of President's rule, if State govt. does not comply with directions of Centre.
- Note: Art. 355 was incorporated to check any arbitrary or unauthorised use of Art. 356—Dr. B.R. Ambedkar.

Important cases on president rule:

- · S.R.Bommai vs Union of India 1994: to restrict misuse.
 - President rule is subjected to Judicial Review.
 - Satisfaction of President must be based on relevant material & Centre must justify President rule.
 - If President rule is unconstitutional, State Legislature can be revived by court.
 - State Legislature can be dissolved only after parliamentary approval, till then can only be suspended.
 - If State follows anti-secular policy, Art.356 can be applied.
 - Floor test of confidence is mandatory before dismissal of State executive.
 - Art.356 is only a measure of last resort.

Proper Application President Rule:

- Hung Assembly situation: no single party or pre-existing coalition achieves a clear majority.
- If State goes against Constitutional direction of Central govt.
- Internal subversion Eg. Govt deliberately acting against Constitution or law.
- Physical breakdown of govt. law and order i.e, State endangering its security.

P.T.O

Misuse of Art.356:

- Dr. B.R. Ambedkar wished that Art. 355 & 356 should remain as 'dead letters' but they were misused on several occasions:
 - · Removing elected govts.
 - · Loss in Loksabha elections.
 - · Deterioration of law and order in States.

Impacts of President Rule

On State Executive:

- President can suspend Constitutional provisions of any body of State.
- President can dismiss Council of Ministers headed by Chief Minister.
- Can vest State govt. executive powers with Governor or any other authority.

On State Legislature:

- · Parliament exercises State Legislature powers.
- · State budgets & bills passed by Parliament.
- President can promulgate ordinances for State.
- Laws made by Parliament or President continued to operate even after President rule. Such laws can be repealed or altered by State Legislature.
- Parliament can dissolve State assembly only after
 Parliamentary approval, till then (only suspended) S.R.

 Bommai case.
- · On Judiciary: No Impact.

16 FEB 2025

"A house divided against itself cannot stand." This highlights the importance of stable governance, which President's Rule often aims to restore.



HEALTH

PRE-CONTEXT

DISEASES IN NEWS

THE HINDU, PG.NO: 11.

News: "Sex work drives mpox clade Ib outbreak in DR Congo."

Monkey Pox: Zoonotic disease

- Tropical disease.
- · Recent outbreak in DRC, Burundi, Uganda etc.
- · Caused by Monkeypox virus.
- **Transmission route:** Direct contact (person to person, animal to person), contaminated materials.
- · Testing method RT-PCR same as COVID-19.
- · Vaccines like MVA-BN, ACAM2000 etc available.
- · 99% of people infected are likely to survive.

Zika

- · Tropical disease.
- Caused by: Zika Virus transmitted by Aedes mosquitoes.
- No vaccination or preventive treatment available.
- Zika virus infection during pregnancy can cause infants to be born with microcephaly and other congenital malformations.

Polio

- · Caused by Polio virus.
- Transmitted through Oral-Oral, Fecal to Oral, contaminated water and Food.
- Polio virus attacks the central nervous system.

Vaccination: two types.

Inactivated Polio Vaccine.

- Contains killed polio virus strains administered through an Injection.
- It is considered safe and effective in preventing polio.

Oral Polio Vaccine:

- · Contains Live, attenuated(weakened) poliovirus strains.
- Provides excelled immunity but in rare cases it can cause vaccine-derived poliovirus.
- India uses Oral Polio vaccine.
- In April 2022, a case of vaccine derived polio virus was detected in Kolkata. So it is argued its time for India to shift to Inactivated polio vaccine.

India and polio:

- · India received Polio Free certification from WHO in 2014.
- India's initiatives:
 - Pulse Polio programme: to achieve 100% coverage of Oral Polio vaccine in the country administered to children underage 5.

16 FEB 2025

TECHNOLOGY (BIO)

PRE-CONTEXT

PRECISION MEDICINE TECHNOLOGIES

THE HINDU, PG.NO: 12.

News: "What is the cancer vaccineRussia is offering?"

mRNA Therapeutics

 Involves using messenger RNA (mRNA) molecules to direct cells to produce specific proteins that can treat or prevent diseases.

Approach:

- Synthetic mRNA is introduced into body viz vaccines; cells use this mRNA or produce therapeutic proteins.
- mRNA vaccines do not use any live attenuated virus.

Application:

- · Vaccine development: COVID-19 vaccine.
- Cancer immunotherapy: mRNA instructs cells to produce antigens that trigger an immune response against cancer cells.
- Protein replacement: treating diseases caused by missing or defective proteins by supplying the mRNA to produce them.

Note: vaccines' are one form of immunotherapy, others include the use of antibodies, CAR T cell therapy, immune checkpoint inhibitors, etc.

Gene-Therapy

 A technique that modifies person's gene to treat or cure disease. It involves inserting, altering/silencing, or removing genes within an individual's cells.

Types:

- · Somatic Gene Therapy:
 - Targets non-reproductive cells (blood cells, skin cells etc); changes are not inherited.
 - · Used to treat diseases in individuals.
- Germline Gene Therapy:
 - Targets reproductive cells (Eggs, Sperm); changes are heritable.
 - · Used to treat inherited diseases from family lines.

Delivery systems:

- · Modified viruses are used to deliver genetic material.
- Non-Viral methods like Nanoparticles, liposomes electroporation are used to deliver genetic material.

Applications:

- Treating inherited Genetic disorders: Eg. Hemophilia, Muscular dystrophy and certain immunodeficiencies.
- Cancer Treatment: CAR-T therapy to target cancer cells.

Organ on Chip

- These small micro-fluidic devices containing human cells can mimic human organ functions on a micro scale.
- They help researchers test drug efficacy with precision.
- They can reduce the need for animal testing in drug development.

16 FEB 2025



MAPPING

PRE-CONTEXT

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO

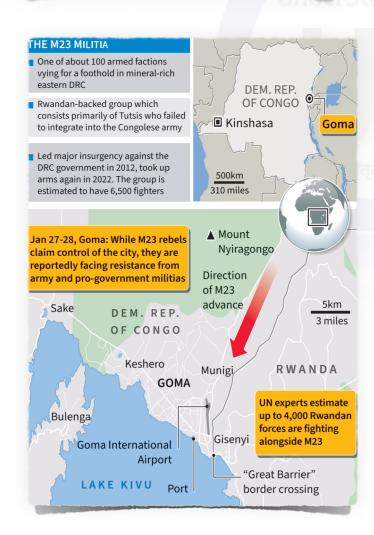
THE HINDU, PG.NO: 13.

News: "Rebels who lost their cause."

Situation in Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC):

- Crisis in the (DRC) is back in the spotlight after the M23
 militia, backed by eastern neighbour Rwanda, captured
 the mineral rich city of Goma, which lies on the border of
 DRC.
 - UN estimates suggest that the fighting, which began in January, has taken the lives of more than 2,900 people, displaced close to 7,00,000.
- Root cause of the crisis is generally attributed to the 1994
 Rwandan genocide, the region has been beset with conflict between the Hutus and Tutsis since colonial times.
 - Hutus and Tutsis are two distinct ethnic groups primarily found in Rwanda.

16 FEB 2025



ENVIRONMENT

PRE-CONTEXT

AIR POLLUTION IN DELHI NCR

THE HINDU, PG.NO: 11.

News: "Stubble burning contributes only 14% PM2.5 in Delhi-NCR: study"

Commission on Air Quality Management in NCR (CAQM):

- CAQM replaced the EPCA (EnvironmentalPollution (Prevention and Control) Authority) and established under the NCR & Adjoining Areas Act 2021.
- · This body frames GRAP (Graded Response Action Plan).
- CAQM is constituted by Central Govt. by notification in NCR and adjoining areas.
- · Chairperson appointed by Central govt.
- · No powers to punish violation activities related pollution.
- CAQM can initiate stringent actions against officers for not following its orders.

Multiple reasons for winter Air pollution in Delhi:

- · Slow wind speed, temperature inversion (traps pollutants).
- · Bursting of firecrackers, Stubble burning (14%)
- Emissions from vehicles (contribute 60%), coal-based power plants, brick kilns etc.
- · Household sources, dust (Roads, construction activities).
- Of all, stubble burning in Punjab and Haryana is responsible for ~40% of the pollution during October and November.
- In November 2024, Air pollution in Delhi was 17 times WHO's limit. Few areas in NCR reached an AQI of 1700.
- Partially unburned exhaust of automobiles with nitrogen oxides leading to ozone formation.

16 FEB 2025

Thank you!